

the heart of texas Ebook

The heart of Texas is a phrase that evokes images of vast open plains, vibrant local cultures, historic landmarks, and the warm hospitality that defines this legendary state. Nestled in the southern part of the United States, Texas is often called the "Lone Star State," symbolizing its independent spirit and rich history. The heart of Texas, whether referring to its geographical center, cultural core, or economic powerhouse, embodies the essence of what makes Texas unique and influential. This article explores the many facets that make the heart of Texas a compelling destination and a vital part of American identity, from its iconic cities and scenic landscapes to its history, culture, and economic significance.

Geographical Center of Texas

Understanding the geographical heart of Texas provides insight into the state's expansive size and diverse terrain. Located near the town of Brady in McCulloch County, the geographic center marks the point where the state's landmass balances perfectly.

Where is the Geographical Center?

- Situated approximately 12 miles southwest of Brady.
- Coordinates: 31° 20' N latitude and 99° 20' W longitude.
- Marked by a historical monument and a marker indicating the precise spot.

Significance of the Geographical Center

- It symbolizes the vastness of Texas, stretching over 790 miles from east to west and 660 miles from north to south.
- Offers a point of interest for travelers and geography enthusiasts.
- Provides a geographical reference point for mapping and educational purposes.

The Cultural Heart of Texas

Texas is renowned for its diverse culture, which blends Native American traditions, Hispanic influences, Anglo heritage, and modern innovations. The cultural heart of Texas beats in its cities, festivals, music, and food, showcasing a rich tapestry of identities.

Major Cultural Centers in Texas

- Austin ? Known as the "Live Music Capital of the World," Austin hosts renowned festivals like South by Southwest (SXSW) and Austin City Limits.
- San Antonio ? Famous for its historic missions, including The Alamo, and vibrant Hispanic culture.
- Houston ? A melting pot with world-class museums, theater districts, and diverse culinary scenes.
- Dallas ? A hub for arts, sports, and modern urban culture.

Key Cultural Festivals and Events

- Texas State Fair (Dallas)
- Fiesta San Antonio
- Houston Livestock Show and Rodeo
- South by Southwest (Austin)
- Texas Renaissance Festival

Traditional Music and Cuisine

- Music: Country, blues, Tejano, and rock dominate the Texas soundscape.
- Cuisine: Barbecue, Tex-Mex, chili, and southern comfort food are staples enjoyed nationwide and beyond.

Historical Significance of the Heart of Texas

Texas's history is deeply rooted in independence, frontier life, and cultural resilience.

Key Historical Landmarks

- The Alamo: The pivotal battle site during Texas's fight for independence from Mexico.
- San Jacinto Battleground: Where Texas secured victory over Mexican forces.
- Old West towns: Fredericksburg, Bandera, and others maintaining historic architecture and traditions.

Historical Events Shaping Texas

- Texas Revolution (1835?1836): Marked by the Battle of the Alamo.
- Annexation to the United States in 1845.

- The discovery of oil at Spindletop in 1901, which sparked the Texas Oil Boom.
- The Civil Rights Movement and ongoing cultural evolution.

Economic Powerhouse of the Heart of Texas

Texas is a leading economic state, with diverse industries fueling its growth and prosperity.

Key Industries in the Heart of Texas

- Oil and Gas: Historically the backbone of Texas's economy, especially in regions like Houston and Midland.
- Technology and Innovation: Houston's NASA Johnson Space Center and Austin's tech startups.
- Agriculture: Cattle ranching, cotton, and crop farming.
- Healthcare and Biotechnology: Major hospitals and research institutions, including Texas Medical Center in Houston.

Major Cities and Their Economic Contributions

- Houston: Energy, aerospace, healthcare, and manufacturing.
- Dallas: Finance, technology, and telecommunications.
- San Antonio: Military, healthcare, and tourism.
- Austin: Tech, education, and creative industries.

Natural Beauty and Scenic Landscapes

The heart of Texas is characterized by a variety of landscapes that appeal to outdoor enthusiasts and nature lovers.

Popular Natural Attractions

- Hill Country: Rolling hills, vineyards, and wildflower blooms.
- Big Bend National Park: Dramatic desert, mountains, and river scenery.
- Guadalupe River: Popular for tubing, fishing, and camping.
- Padre Island: Coastal beaches and migratory bird habitats.

Outdoor Activities

- Hiking and camping
- River rafting and kayaking
- Bird watching and wildlife photography
- Hunting and fishing

Living in the Heart of Texas

The lifestyle in Texas varies from bustling urban centers to serene rural communities.

Quality of Life Factors

- Affordable housing compared to other states.
- Excellent educational institutions.
- Growing job markets and entrepreneurial opportunities.
- Rich cultural and recreational amenities.

Educational Institutions

- University of Texas at Austin
- Texas A&M University
- University of Houston
- Texas Tech University

Transportation and Accessibility

- Major airports: Dallas/Fort Worth International Airport, Houston George Bush Intercontinental, Austin-Bergstrom International.
- Extensive highway networks and rail systems.
- Public transportation options in major cities.

Conclusion

The heart of Texas embodies the spirit, history, culture, and natural beauty that make this state a truly unique part of the United States. From its geographical center to its vibrant cities and scenic landscapes, Texas continues to be a land of opportunity, resilience, and rich traditions. Whether you're interested in exploring its historic landmarks, experiencing its diverse cultural festivals, or enjoying its outdoor adventures, the heart of Texas offers a compelling destination for residents and visitors alike. Embracing both its past and future, Texas remains a symbol of independence and

strength?the very heart of the Lone Star State.

Meta Description: Discover the heart of Texas through its geography, culture, history, economy, and natural beauty. Explore what makes Texas unique and why it continues to thrive as a symbol of independence and resilience.

The Heart of Texas: Unveiling the Soul of the Lone Star State

Nestled in the central region of the expansive Lone Star State, the heart of Texas embodies the cultural, historical, and geographical essence that defines Texas itself. This area, often referred to as Central Texas, is a vibrant tapestry woven from diverse communities, natural wonders, and rich traditions. Whether you're a history enthusiast, an outdoor adventurer, or a foodie eager to explore authentic Texan flavors, understanding what makes the heart of Texas so unique offers a window into the very soul of the state.

What Is the Heart of Texas?

The heart of Texas is not just a geographical spot but a cultural hub that captures the spirit of the entire state. Geographically, it broadly includes counties such as Travis, Williamson, Hays, and Bexar, among others. Culturally, it represents a blend of Western heritage, Hispanic influence, and modern innovation. Historically, this region has been pivotal in shaping Texas' identity?from its early settlements and Native American roots to the modern, dynamic cities that thrive today.

Geographical Features and Landscape

Diverse Terrain

The heart of Texas boasts a variety of landscapes that contribute to its allure:

- Hill Country: Known for its rolling hills, limestone formations, and scenic vistas, the Texas Hill Country is famed for its vineyards, wildflower blooms, and charming small towns.
- Urban Centers: Cities like Austin and San Antonio serve as cultural and economic hubs, offering a mix of modernity and tradition.
- Rivers and Lakes: The region is dotted with waterways such as the San Marcos River and Lake Travis, popular for recreation and relaxation.

Climate and Environment

The climate varies from semi-arid in some parts to humid subtropical in others, influencing agriculture, outdoor activities, and lifestyle.

Historical Significance

Native American Roots

Before European settlement, indigenous tribes such as the Comanche, Apache, and Tonkawa thrived in this region, leaving a lasting cultural imprint.

Spanish and Mexican Influence

In the 18th century, Spanish explorers and settlers established missions and presidios, shaping the architecture and cultural practices still evident today.

Texas Revolution and Statehood

The heart of Texas was central during the Texas Revolution, with key battles like the Battle of the Alamo taking place in San Antonio. These events cemented the region's place in Texan and American history.

Cultural and Social Fabric

Music and Festivals

- Live Music Capital of the World: Austin's vibrant music scene attracts artists from around the globe.
- Fiestas and Celebrations: Events like Fiesta San Antonio and the Texas State Fair showcase regional pride, food, and traditions.

Cuisine

The region's culinary scene is a flavorful reflection of its diverse heritage:

- Barbecue: Slow-smoked brisket, ribs, and sausages are staples.
- Tex-Mex: Fusion of Mexican and Texan flavors, with dishes like fajitas, enchiladas, and queso.
- Local Favorites: Chicken fried steak, kolaches, and pecan pralines.

Arts and Heritage

Museums, historic sites, and art galleries preserve the stories and creativity of the region, from the Alamo to vibrant murals in Austin.

Key Cities and Attractions

Austin

- Known as the "Live Music Capital of the World"
- Home to the Texas State Capitol and University of Texas
- Famous for outdoor activities like kayaking on Lady Bird Lake and hiking in the Barton Creek Greenbelt

San Antonio

- Rich in history with landmarks like the Alamo and San Antonio Missions National Historical Park
- The River Walk offers scenic dining and entertainment
- Celebrates cultural diversity through festivals and markets

Waco

- Popular for Magnolia Market and the iconic Magnolia Home store
- Offers outdoor parks, the Waco Mammoth National Monument, and local history museums

Other Notable Places

- Fredericksburg: German heritage, wineries, and scenic vineyards
- Marble Falls: Lake activities and boutique shopping
- Kerrville: Arts festivals and outdoor recreation

Outdoor Adventures and Natural Attractions

Hill Country Trails and Parks

- Enchanted Rock State Natural Area: A massive pink granite dome perfect for hiking and stargazing
- Blanco State Park: Canoeing, swimming, and picnicking along the Blanco River
- Pedernales Falls State Park: Spectacular waterfalls and scenic overlooks

Water Activities

- Kayaking and paddleboarding on Lake Travis and Canyon Lake
- Tubing in the Comal and Guadalupe Rivers
- Fishing for bass and catfish in local lakes

Economy and Development

Agriculture and Viticulture

The region is a powerhouse for:

- Cattle ranching and farming
- Wine production, with numerous vineyards and wineries contributing to the Texas Wine Trail

Tech and Innovation

Austin, in particular, has grown into a tech hub, attracting startups and major corporations, fostering economic diversification.

Tourism

The region's historic sites, festivals, outdoor activities, and cultural events generate millions annually, supporting local businesses and communities.

Challenges and Opportunities

Preservation vs. Growth

Balancing development with the preservation of natural landscapes and historic sites remains a key challenge.

Environmental Sustainability

Addressing water resource management, especially with increasing population and climate change, is vital for maintaining the region's natural beauty.

Cultural Preservation

Maintaining the region's diverse heritage amid rapid modernization calls for thoughtful preservation efforts.

Final Thoughts: Why the Heart of Texas Matters

The heart of Texas is more than just a central geographic area; it is a vibrant, living testament to the resilience, diversity, and spirit of the Lone Star State. Its blend of history, culture, natural beauty, and modern innovation makes it a compelling destination and a meaningful place for residents and visitors alike. Exploring this region offers a chance to understand the deeper stories that shape Texas and to experience the warmth, pride, and ingenuity that define the heart of Texas.

Whether wandering through the scenic Hill Country, exploring historic sites, enjoying world-class music and food, or engaging with the dynamic communities, the heart of Texas invites everyone to discover its authentic soul. It's a place where tradition and progress coexist, creating a vibrant mosaic that continues to evolve while honoring its roots.

Question What is the significance of 'The Heart of Texas' as a nickname for the state? **Answer** 'The Heart of Texas' is a nickname that highlights the state's central location in the United States and its cultural and historical importance within the country, symbolizing Texas as the heartland of American heritage. Which city is considered the heart of Texas and why? Austin is often regarded as the heart of Texas due to its vibrant culture, status as the state capital, and its role as a hub for music, technology, and political activity. How does the phrase 'The Heart of Texas' influence tourism in the state? The phrase promotes Texas as a welcoming, culturally rich destination, encouraging tourists to explore its central cities, historical sites, and unique Texan traditions, thereby boosting local tourism and economy. Are there any popular events or festivals associated with 'The Heart of Texas'? Yes, events like the Texas State Fair in Dallas, South by Southwest in Austin, and the Houston Livestock Show and Rodeo are celebrated as key festivals that showcase the heart and soul of Texas culture. What role does the concept of 'The Heart of Texas' play in the state's identity and pride? It fosters a sense of unity and pride among Texans by emphasizing their central location, rich history, and distinctive culture, reinforcing Texas's image as a resilient and culturally vibrant state.

Related keywords: Texas, Lone Star State, Houston, Dallas, Austin, Texas pride, Texas culture, Texas history, Texas tourism, Texas landscape

MY HEART

my heart is often considered the most vital organ in the human body, serving as the engine that powers our entire circulatory system. It is not only a biological marvel but also a symbol of emotion, love, and vitality in many cultures. Understanding the anatomy, functions, health concerns, and ways to maintain a healthy heart is essential for overall well-being. In this comprehensive guide, we

will explore everything you need to know about your heart, from its structure and function to common diseases and lifestyle tips for a stronger, healthier heart.

Understanding the Anatomy of the Heart

The human heart is a muscular organ roughly the size of a fist, located slightly left of the center of the chest. It consists of several key structures that work together seamlessly to pump blood throughout the body.

Major Components of the Heart

- Chambers: The heart has four chambers:
 - Right Atrium: Receives deoxygenated blood from the body.
 - Right Ventricle: Pumps deoxygenated blood to the lungs.
 - Left Atrium: Receives oxygenated blood from the lungs.
 - Left Ventricle: Pumps oxygen-rich blood to the entire body.

- Valves: The heart contains four main valves that prevent backflow:
 - Tricuspid Valve
 - Pulmonary Valve
 - Mitral Valve
 - Aortic Valve

- Blood Vessels: Key vessels include:
 - Aorta
 - Pulmonary arteries and veins
 - Coronary arteries

How the Heart Works: The Cardiac Cycle

The heart's primary function is to circulate blood via a rhythmic process called the cardiac cycle, which includes:

- Systole: The phase when the heart contracts to pump blood out.
- Diastole: The relaxation phase when the heart chambers fill with blood.

This cycle ensures the continuous delivery of oxygen and nutrients to tissues and the removal of waste products.

The Importance of Heart Health

Maintaining a healthy heart is crucial because it directly impacts overall health and longevity. Heart disease remains a leading cause of death worldwide, but many conditions are preventable through lifestyle choices and early intervention.

Common Heart Conditions

- Coronary Artery Disease (CAD): Narrowing or blockage of coronary arteries.
- Heart Attack (Myocardial Infarction): Sudden blockage of blood flow to the heart muscle.
- Heart Failure: The heart's inability to pump blood effectively.
- Arrhythmias: Abnormal heart rhythms.
- Valvular Heart Diseases: Malfunction of one or more of the heart's valves.

Risk Factors for Heart Disease

Understanding and managing risk factors can significantly reduce the likelihood of developing heart problems.

Non-modifiable Risk Factors

- Age
- Family history of heart disease
- Gender (men are generally at higher risk earlier in life)
- Genetic predisposition

Modifiable Risk Factors

- High blood pressure (hypertension)
- High cholesterol levels
- Smoking
- Sedentary lifestyle

- Obesity
- Diabetes
- Poor diet
- Excessive alcohol consumption
- Chronic stress

Signs and Symptoms of Heart Disease

Early detection of heart issues can save lives. Be aware of symptoms such as:

- Chest pain or discomfort
- Shortness of breath
- Pain or numbness in arms, neck, jaw, or back
- Dizziness or lightheadedness
- Fatigue
- Irregular heartbeat

Seek immediate medical attention if experiencing severe symptoms like chest pain lasting more than a few minutes.

Maintaining a Healthy Heart: Lifestyle Tips

A proactive approach to heart health involves lifestyle modifications, regular check-ups, and awareness.

Healthy Diet

Incorporate heart-friendly foods:

- Fruits and vegetables
- Whole grains
- Lean proteins like fish, chicken, beans
- Healthy fats from nuts, seeds, and olive oil
- Limit saturated fats, trans fats, salt, and added sugars

Regular Physical Activity

Aim for at least 150 minutes of moderate exercise weekly:

- Walking
- Cycling
- Swimming
- Jogging
- Yoga

Exercise helps control weight, reduce blood pressure, and improve overall cardiovascular health.

Weight Management

Maintaining a healthy weight reduces strain on the heart and decreases risk factors.

Quit Smoking

Smoking damages blood vessels, raises blood pressure, and accelerates atherosclerosis.

Limit Alcohol Intake

Excessive alcohol can raise blood pressure and triglycerides.

Manage Stress

Chronic stress can negatively impact heart health; practices like meditation, deep breathing, and mindfulness can help.

Regular Health Screenings

Monitor blood pressure, cholesterol, and blood sugar levels regularly to catch issues early.

Advances in Heart Disease Treatment

Medical science offers various treatments and interventions to manage heart conditions effectively.

Medications

- Statins for cholesterol management
- Blood thinners for preventing clots
- Beta-blockers and ACE inhibitors for blood pressure control
- Anti-arrhythmic drugs

Procedures and Surgeries

- Angioplasty and stent placement
- Heart bypass surgery
- Valve repair or replacement
- Pacemaker implantation

Innovations and Future of Heart Care

Emerging technologies aim to improve diagnosis, treatment, and prevention:

- Regenerative medicine: Stem cell therapy for repairing damaged heart tissue
- Wearable devices: Continuous monitoring of heart health
- Genetic research: Personalized medicine based on genetic profiles
- Artificial hearts: For patients awaiting transplants

Conclusion: Caring for my heart

Your heart is more than just a vital organ; it is the core of your vitality and emotional well-being. By understanding how it functions, recognizing risk factors, and adopting a heart-healthy lifestyle, you can significantly reduce the risk of cardiovascular disease. Regular medical check-ups, a balanced diet, physical activity, and stress management are your best tools in ensuring that your heart remains strong and healthy for years to come. Remember, caring for your heart today paves the way for a healthier, happier future.

Keywords for SEO Optimization:

- Heart health
- Heart disease prevention
- How to keep your heart healthy
- Symptoms of heart problems
- Heart attack signs
- Heart-healthy diet
- Cardiovascular health tips
- Managing cholesterol and blood pressure
- Heart disease risk factors
- Advances in heart treatment

My Heart: An In-Depth Exploration of the Human Heart's Mysteries and Marvels

The phrase "my heart" resonates deeply with many, embodying notions of love, vulnerability, passion, and life itself. But beyond its poetic significance, my heart also refers to one of the most vital and fascinating organs within the human body. Its intricate structure, complex functions, and profound influence on our well-being make it an extraordinary subject worth exploring in detail. Whether you're a medical enthusiast, a curious reader, or someone seeking to understand their own health better, this comprehensive guide aims to shed light on the marvels of my heart and its vital role in sustaining life.

The Human Heart: An Overview

The human heart is a muscular organ roughly the size of a clenched fist, situated slightly left of the center of the chest. Its primary function is to pump blood throughout the body, delivering oxygen and nutrients to tissues while removing waste products. This continuous cycle sustains life and supports every physical process, from breathing to complex cognitive functions.

Anatomy of My Heart

Understanding my heart begins with its anatomy. The heart comprises several key structures that work in harmony:

- Chambers of the Heart

- Atria (Upper Chambers): The right and left atria receive blood returning to the heart.
- Ventricles (Lower Chambers): The right and left ventricles pump blood out of the heart to the lungs and body, respectively.

- Valves

Valves ensure unidirectional blood flow and prevent backflow:

- Tricuspid Valve: Between right atrium and right ventricle.
- Pulmonary Valve: Between right ventricle and pulmonary artery.
- Mitral Valve: Between left atrium and left ventricle.
- Aortic Valve: Between left ventricle and aorta.

- Blood Vessels

- Coronary Arteries: Supply blood to the heart muscle itself.
- Aorta: The main artery carrying oxygen-rich blood to the body.
- Pulmonary Arteries and Veins: Carry blood to and from the lungs.

- Conduction System

The heart has an intrinsic electrical system that controls heartbeat:

- Sinoatrial (SA) Node: The natural pacemaker.
- Atrioventricular (AV) Node: Relays electrical signals.
- Bundle of His and Purkinje fibers: Spread electrical impulses to coordinate contractions.

The Functionality of My Heart

The heart operates through a rhythmic cycle called the cardiac cycle, comprising systole (contraction) and diastole (relaxation).

The Cardiac Cycle in Detail

- Atrial Systole: The atria contract, pushing blood into the ventricles.
- Ventricular Systole: The ventricles contract, ejecting blood into the pulmonary artery and aorta.
- Diastole: The heart relaxes, chambers fill with blood anew.

This cycle repeats approximately 60-100 times per minute in a resting adult, creating a continuous flow that sustains life.

The Significance of My Heart in Health and Disease

The health of my heart is central to overall well-being. Cardiovascular diseases (CVDs) remain the leading cause of death worldwide, underscoring the importance of understanding, maintaining, and caring for this vital organ.

Common Heart Conditions

- Coronary Artery Disease (CAD): Blockages in coronary arteries reduce blood flow, leading to angina or heart attacks.
- Arrhythmias: Irregular heartbeats caused by electrical malfunction.
- Heart Failure: The heart's inability to pump effectively.
- Valvular Heart Disease: Dysfunction of heart valves affecting blood flow.

Risk Factors for Heart Disease

- High blood pressure
- High cholesterol
- Smoking
- Diabetes
- Sedentary lifestyle
- Unhealthy diet
- Obesity
- Family history

How to Keep My Heart Healthy

Maintaining cardiovascular health involves lifestyle choices and medical management. Here are actionable steps:

Lifestyle Modifications

- Balanced Diet: Emphasize fruits, vegetables, whole grains, lean proteins, and healthy fats.
- Regular Exercise: Aim for at least 150 minutes of moderate activity weekly.
- Quit Smoking: Eliminates a major risk factor.
- Limit Alcohol: Excessive intake can elevate blood pressure and triglycerides.
- Manage Stress: Practice mindfulness, meditation, or hobbies that relax you.
- Maintain Healthy Weight: Reduces strain on the heart.

Medical Interventions

- Regular check-ups and screenings for blood pressure, cholesterol, and blood sugar.
- Medication adherence if prescribed.
- Monitoring for early signs of heart issues like chest pain, shortness of breath, or irregular heartbeat.

Innovations and Future of Heart Care

Advancements in cardiology continue to revolutionize how we understand and treat my heart.

Cutting-Edge Technologies

- Artificial Heart Devices: Mechanical pumps like ventricular assist devices (VADs) assist failing hearts.
- Stem Cell Therapy: Exploring regenerative treatments for damaged heart tissue.
- Gene Therapy: Potential to correct genetic causes of heart disease.
- Wearable Devices: Track heart rate, rhythm, and other vital signs in real time.
- 3D Printing: Creating personalized heart models for surgical planning.

Research Frontiers

Scientists are investigating:

- The microbiome's role in heart health.
- The impact of inflammation on cardiovascular disease.
- Personalized medicine approaches based on genetic profiling.

The Emotional and Symbolic Significance of My Heart

Beyond its biological function, my heart often symbolizes love, empathy, resilience, and identity. It's a universal metaphor for emotional depth and connection. Recognizing this dual significance enhances our appreciation for both the physical organ and its cultural symbolism.

Conclusion: Embracing the Vitality of My Heart

The human heart is much more than a pump; it embodies life itself, a complex marvel of biology that sustains every moment of our existence. Protecting my heart through informed choices, medical vigilance, and emotional well-being ensures not just longevity but a richer, more vibrant life. As science advances and our understanding deepens, so too does our capacity to nurture this extraordinary organ—our very own heart—and in doing so, nurture ourselves.

Remember: Your heart is the epicenter of your vitality, your passions, and your dreams. Cherish it, care for it, and listen to its rhythm as a guide to a healthier, happier life.

QuestionAnswer What are common causes of chest pain related to the heart? Common causes

include heart attacks, angina, myocarditis, and arrhythmias. If experiencing chest pain, seek medical attention immediately. How can I improve my heart health naturally? Maintain a balanced diet rich in fruits and vegetables, engage in regular exercise, avoid smoking, limit alcohol intake, and manage stress effectively. What are the symptoms of a heart attack? Symptoms often include chest pain or discomfort, shortness of breath, nausea, sweating, and pain radiating to the arm, neck, or jaw. Prompt medical help is crucial. How does stress affect my heart? Chronic stress can increase blood pressure and heart rate, promote unhealthy habits, and elevate the risk of heart disease over time. Can heart health be improved with medication? Yes, medications such as statins, blood pressure medicines, and antiplatelet drugs can help manage heart conditions, but they should be used under medical supervision along with lifestyle changes. What role does genetics play in heart disease? Genetics can influence your risk for heart disease, especially if there is a family history of conditions like heart attacks or high cholesterol. Regular check-ups are important. Are there any signs that my heart needs medical attention besides chest pain? Yes, symptoms like unexplained fatigue, dizziness, irregular heartbeat, and swelling in the legs can indicate heart problems and should be evaluated by a healthcare professional.

Related keywords: love, emotion, passion, affection, beat, soul, feelings, romance, tenderness, heartbeat

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