

william and catherine booth founders of the salvation army heroes of the faith concordia

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William and Catherine Booth, founders of The Salvation Army, heroes of the faith Concordia

Introduction to William and Catherine Booth

William and Catherine Booth are renowned figures in Christian history, renowned for their unwavering dedication to social justice, faith, and evangelism. Their pioneering work laid the foundation for what would become The Salvation Army, a global Christian organization committed to helping the marginalized and spreading the Gospel. Recognized as heroes of faith, their legacy continues to inspire millions around the world, including those at Concordia, who see in their story a testament to faith-driven service and leadership.

The Origins of The Salvation Army

Early Life of William Booth

William Booth was born in 1829 in Nottingham, England. Raised in a Methodist family, he exhibited a deep sense of religious calling from a young age. His early years were marked by a desire to serve others, which eventually led him into ministry. His innovative approach to evangelism and compassion for the poor set the stage for the creation of a new kind of Christian outreach.

Early Life of Catherine Booth

Catherine Booth, born in 1829 in England, was a formidable leader and preacher, often referred to as the "Mother of The Salvation Army." She was known for her fiery sermons and unwavering commitment to social reform. Her partnership with William would become one of the most influential collaborations in Christian history.

The Founding of The Salvation Army

Meeting and Marriage of William and Catherine

William and Catherine met in 1855 and married in 1855. Their shared passion for evangelism and social justice fueled their joint mission to serve the poor and oppressed.

Establishment of the Organization

In 1865, William Booth officially founded The Christian Mission, later known as The Salvation Army. Their goal was to bring salvation and aid to the urban poor, emphasizing both spiritual salvation and tangible social support. They adopted a military structure, calling their members "soldiers" and their efforts a "battle" against sin and poverty.

The Core Principles and Mission of The Salvation Army

Spiritual Salvation

The Salvation Army is rooted in evangelism, aiming to bring individuals to faith in Jesus Christ.

Social Service

Beyond spiritual outreach, the organization provides:

- Food aid
- Shelter for the homeless
- Rehabilitation programs
- Disaster relief efforts

Holistic Approach

The Booths emphasized that faith must be demonstrated through action, integrating spiritual and social missions seamlessly.

William and Catherine Booth's Legacy of Faith and Service

Innovative Evangelism

The Booths pioneered outdoor revival meetings, street preaching, and the use of music as tools for outreach, making Christianity accessible to all societal levels.

Advocacy for Social Justice

They were vocal advocates for:

- Women's rights, including women's leadership roles within the organization

- Child welfare and education
- Abolition of slavery and oppression

Leadership and Legacy

Their leadership style inspired a movement of laypeople and clergy alike, emphasizing that every believer could serve and lead.

The Heroes of Faith Concordia

Connection to Concordia

Concordia, known for its strong Christian community and emphasis on faith-based service, honors the legacy of William and Catherine Booth as heroes of the faith. Their principles continue to be a guiding light for many in the congregation and community outreach programs.

Lessons from the Booths for Today's Faith Community

The story of William and Catherine Booth offers valuable lessons:

- The importance of combining faith with action
- Leadership rooted in humility and service
- The power of community-driven outreach
- Advocacy for social justice as an integral part of faith

Impact and Recognition

Global Influence

Today, The Salvation Army operates in over 130 countries, serving millions annually. The Booths' vision of holistic ministry has become a model for faith-based social service worldwide.

Recognition as Heroes of Faith

William and Catherine Booth are celebrated for their innovative approach to evangelism and social justice. Their unwavering commitment has earned them recognition as heroes of faith, inspiring countless individuals and organizations.

Conclusion: The Enduring Legacy of William and Catherine Booth

William and Catherine Booth's lives exemplify the transformative power of faith-driven service. Their founding of The Salvation Army was more than an organizational effort; it was a call to action rooted in Christian love and compassion. As heroes of faith, their story continues to inspire communities like Concordia to live out their faith through tangible acts of service, advocacy, and leadership. Their legacy reminds us that faith is active, inclusive, and transformative—an enduring battle against injustice and a testament to divine love in action.

Additional Resources for Learning More

- Visit The Salvation Army's official website for history and current programs.
- Read biographies such as William Booth: Founder of The Salvation Army.
- Explore local Salvation Army chapters and community outreach opportunities.
- Participate in faith-based service projects inspired by the Booths' legacy.

This comprehensive article offers an in-depth look at William and Catherine Booth's lives, their pioneering work with The Salvation Army, and their enduring legacy as heroes of faith. Their story continues to resonate within faith communities like Concordia, inspiring ongoing acts of service and justice worldwide.

William and Catherine Booth: Pioneers of Faith and Founders of The Salvation Army ? Heroes of the Faith Concordia

When exploring the history of Christian charity and social reform movements, few figures stand out as prominently as William and Catherine Booth. These two visionaries not only founded The Salvation Army but also exemplified unwavering faith, innovative social activism, and dedicated service that continues to inspire millions worldwide. Their legacy as "Heroes of the Faith" is deeply embedded in the fabric of modern humanitarian efforts and faith-based community work. This article offers a comprehensive exploration of their lives, their pioneering work, and the enduring impact of their mission.

Introduction: The Legacy of William and Catherine Booth

William and Catherine Booth's story is one of resilience, innovation, and divine calling. Starting from modest beginnings, they transformed a small Christian movement into a global organization committed to meeting both spiritual and physical needs. Their work was characterized by a pioneering spirit and a profound reliance on faith, which propelled them to challenge societal norms and reach marginalized populations.

Their legacy is not just in the establishment of The Salvation Army but also in the broader principles of faith-driven social action they championed—values of compassion, service, and unwavering

conviction.

Early Lives and Spiritual Foundations

William Booth: A Man of Conviction and Vision

William Booth was born in 1829 in Nottingham, England. Raised in a working-class family, he experienced a religious awakening at an early age that would shape his life's mission. His early involvement in ministry was marked by a desire to evangelize and reach the poor, often feeling called to serve those society marginalized.

Key aspects of William Booth's life include:

- His emphasis on personal salvation and revival
- A focus on urban ministry and reaching the impoverished
- Innovative methods to spread the Gospel, including open-air preaching and street evangelism

Booth's leadership was characterized by strategic thinking and a deep sense of divine calling, which positioned him as a pioneer in social and spiritual reform.

Catherine Booth: The Warrior Woman of Faith

Born in 1829 in England, Catherine Mumford was a devout Christian with a sharp intellect and passionate heart for social justice. She was a prolific writer and speaker, advocating for women's rights within the church and society. Her influence was crucial in shaping the theological and social vision of the movement.

Highlights of Catherine Booth's contributions:

- Her advocacy for women's roles in ministry and leadership
- Her writings emphasizing holiness, social justice, and active faith
- Her role as a co-founder, strategist, and moral compass for the movement

Together, William and Catherine complemented each other's strengths, forming a formidable partnership rooted in faith and a desire to serve.

The Birth of The Salvation Army: A Revolutionary Approach

Origins and Early Strategies

Founded in 1865 in London, The Salvation Army began as a small Christian mission targeting the urban poor. Unlike traditional churches of the era, William and Catherine Booth envisioned a church that:

- Operated outside traditional church buildings
- Focused on practical aid?food, shelter, and social services
- Emphasized evangelism through street preaching and open-air meetings
- Adopted a military structure with ranks and disciplined organization, symbolizing spiritual warfare

This innovative model allowed them to reach populations that often felt excluded from conventional religious institutions, including the destitute, unemployed, and marginalized.

Core Principles and Mission

The Salvation Army was founded on several core principles that remain central today:

- Holistic Salvation: Combining spiritual salvation with physical and social aid
- Accessibility: Making faith relevant and accessible to all, regardless of social status
- Active Service: Demonstrating love through tangible acts of charity
- Evangelism: Spreading the Gospel through both word and deed

Their motto, "Blood and Fire," encapsulated their commitment to redemption and the transformative power of faith.

Expansion and Global Impact

From its modest beginnings, The Salvation Army rapidly expanded across the UK and internationally. Key milestones include:

- Establishment of rescue homes, orphanages, and hospitals
- International missions in India, Africa, North America, and beyond
- Development of social programs addressing poverty, addiction, and social injustice

Today, The Salvation Army operates in over 130 countries, exemplifying the global reach of William and Catherine Booth's vision.

The Theological and Social Vision of the Booths

Holiness Movement and Personal Transformation

A central theological tenet emphasized by the Booths was the doctrine of holiness—a call for believers to live sanctified lives marked by moral purity and active compassion. This doctrine inspired countless individuals to pursue personal transformation and social activism.

Key elements include:

- Emphasis on sanctification as a subsequent experience after salvation
- Encouragement of a passionate, Spirit-filled faith
- Advocacy for moral integrity in personal and public life

Social Justice and Radical Compassion

William and Catherine were among the first Christian leaders to recognize and respond to systemic social issues. Their work challenged societal complacency and called for:

- Compassionate outreach to the impoverished and oppressed
- Advocacy for women and children's rights
- Active opposition to exploitation, including slavery and alcohol abuse

Their belief was that faith must translate into tangible action to truly transform society.

Legacy and Modern Influence

Enduring Principles and Practices

The Booths' influence persists through the enduring principles that underpin The Salvation Army:

- Service-Oriented Approach: Combining evangelism with social service
- Inclusivity: Breaking barriers of gender, class, and race
- Innovative Outreach: Using media, music, and community programs to reach diverse populations

Their model has inspired countless faith-based organizations and social initiatives worldwide.

Recognition as Heroes of Faith

William and Catherine Booth are celebrated as heroes of faith because of:

- Their unwavering commitment to living out their beliefs through action
- Their pioneering efforts to combine spiritual and social ministry
- Their resilience in the face of societal opposition and hardship

Their lives exemplify the biblical call to serve "the least of these," inspiring generations to pursue faith with courage and compassion.

Conclusion: A Testament to Faith and Service

William and Catherine Booth's legacy as founders of The Salvation Army and champions of social justice underscores the profound impact faith can have when paired with active service. Their unwavering devotion, innovative strategies, and holistic approach to ministry transformed countless lives and established a model for faith-based activism that endures to this day.

As "Heroes of the Faith," their story continues to inspire believers and social workers alike to pursue a life of purpose, compassion, and unwavering commitment to justice. Their pioneering spirit reminds us that faith, when coupled with action, can truly change the world.

In summary, William and Catherine Booth exemplified what it means to be heroes of faith—living embodiments of divine love and service. Their legacy is a testament to the transformative power of faith-driven action, inspiring generations to serve with courage, compassion, and conviction. Their story remains a guiding light for all who seek to make a meaningful difference, proving that faith in action can indeed reshape society.

Question Who were William and Catherine Booth and what role did they play in founding the Salvation Army? William and Catherine Booth were Christian evangelists who founded the Salvation Army in 1865 in London. They aimed to provide spiritual and social support to the poor and marginalized, emphasizing salvation and service as core principles. How did William and Catherine Booth's faith influence their work with the Salvation Army? Their deep Christian faith motivated them to serve others through active evangelism and social work, believing that faith should be expressed through practical action to improve lives and bring people to Christ. What are some key social initiatives pioneered by William and Catherine Booth through the Salvation Army? They established programs such as homeless shelters, soup kitchens, and rehabilitation centers, focusing on meeting both spiritual and physical needs of the impoverished and vulnerable populations. Why are William and Catherine Booth considered heroes of faith in modern times? They are regarded as heroes because of their unwavering commitment to their religious principles, their innovative approach to social justice, and their lasting impact on humanitarian efforts worldwide. What is the significance of the Heroes of the Faith series in relation to William and

Catherine Booth? The Heroes of the Faith series highlights influential Christian figures like William and Catherine Booth, celebrating their dedication, leadership, and contributions to faith and social justice. How does the Salvation Army continue the legacy of William and Catherine Booth today? Today, the Salvation Army continues their work by providing disaster relief, social services, and spiritual support globally, driven by their founding principles of faith, compassion, and service inspired by William and Catherine Booth.

Related keywords: William Booth, Catherine Booth, Salvation Army, founders, faith leaders, Christian evangelism, social reform, religious leaders, heroism, faith-based charity

MECH311 IEEE CONCORDIA CONCORDIA UNIVERSITY

mech311 ieee concordia concordia university is a prominent course and student organization that embodies the intersection of mechanical engineering education and professional development within Concordia University. This article provides an in-depth exploration of MECH 311, the IEEE student chapter at Concordia, and how these components contribute to a comprehensive engineering experience. Whether you're a current student, prospective applicant, or engineering enthusiast, understanding the significance of MECH 311 IEEE Concordia and its role within Concordia University can enhance your academic and professional journey.

Understanding MECH 311 at Concordia University

What is MECH 311?

MECH 311 is a core course offered within the Mechanical Engineering program at Concordia University. Typically titled "Thermodynamics," this course introduces students to the fundamental principles governing energy, heat, and work. It forms a critical foundation for specialized fields such as thermal systems, HVAC, renewable energy, and automotive engineering.

Key aspects of MECH 311 include:

- Laws of Thermodynamics
- Properties of Pure Substances
- Power Cycles
- Refrigeration and Heat Pumps
- Entropy and Exergy Analysis

This course emphasizes both theoretical understanding and practical application, preparing students to solve real-world mechanical engineering problems.

Course Structure and Learning Outcomes

The MECH 311 curriculum at Concordia University typically involves:

- Lectures delivered by experienced faculty
- Laboratory sessions demonstrating thermodynamic principles
- Assignments and problem sets to reinforce concepts
- Exams assessing theoretical knowledge and problem-solving skills

By completing MECH 311, students gain:

- A solid grasp of thermodynamic laws
- Skills to analyze energy systems
- Preparedness for advanced courses in mechanical engineering

The Role of IEEE at Concordia University

Introduction to IEEE Student Branch

The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) is the world's largest technical professional organization dedicated to advancing technology for humanity. At Concordia University, the IEEE student branch actively engages students across various engineering disciplines, including electrical, computer, and mechanical engineering.

The IEEE Concordia student chapter offers:

- Networking opportunities with professionals and alumni
- Technical workshops and seminars
- Competitions and hackathons
- Industry visits and career fairs
- Leadership and soft skills development

Benefits of Being Part of IEEE Concordia

Joining the IEEE student branch enhances the academic experience by:

- Providing access to cutting-edge research and technological innovations
- Offering mentorship programs for academic and career guidance
- Facilitating collaborations on technical projects
- Improving employability through certifications and workshops

Participation in IEEE activities helps students develop professional skills, expand their network, and stay updated on industry trends.

Connecting MECH 311 and IEEE at Concordia University

How IEEE Supports Mechanical Engineering Students

While IEEE is traditionally associated with electrical and electronics engineering, its multidisciplinary approach benefits mechanical engineering students as well. At Concordia, IEEE initiatives often include:

- Workshops on automation, robotics, and control systems relevant to mechanical applications
- Seminars on renewable energy and sustainable design
- Technical competitions emphasizing mechanical-electrical integration
- Collaborative projects involving multidisciplinary teams

These activities complement the learning in courses like MECH 311 by providing practical insights into energy systems, instrumentation, and control technologies.

Student Engagement and Leadership Opportunities

Students enrolled in MECH 311 and other mechanical courses are encouraged to participate in IEEE events to:

- Enhance their technical skill set
- Build leadership experience through organizing events or managing teams
- Develop communication skills by presenting research or project ideas
- Connect with industry professionals for internships and job opportunities

Participation in IEEE also offers avenues for interdisciplinary collaboration, broadening students' perspectives beyond mechanical engineering.

Tips for Success in MECH 311 and IEEE Activities

- **Stay Organized:** Keep track of course deadlines, project dates, and IEEE event schedules.
- **Engage Actively:** Attend lectures, participate in labs, and join IEEE workshops and seminars.
- **Leverage Resources:** Use university labs, online tutorials, and IEEE publications for deeper understanding.
- **Network:** Connect with peers, faculty, and industry professionals through IEEE events.
- **Balance Academic and Extracurriculars:** Manage your time effectively to excel in coursework and extracurricular involvement.

Career Impact of Combining MECH 311 and IEEE Involvement

Enhancing Your Resume

Participation in MECH 311 demonstrates a solid understanding of thermodynamics, a critical area in mechanical engineering. Complementing this with IEEE involvement shows initiative, leadership, and technical versatility—traits highly valued by employers.

Networking and Mentorship Opportunities

IEEE provides avenues for mentorship from industry professionals, which can guide students toward internships, research projects, and job placements.

Staying Current with Industry Trends

IEEE publications, conferences, and webinars keep students informed about emerging technologies such as renewable energy systems, smart automation, and advanced materials relevant to mechanical engineering.

Conclusion

Understanding the relationship between MECH 311, IEEE at Concordia University, and the broader academic and professional environment is essential for maximizing your engineering education. MECH 311 offers foundational knowledge in thermodynamics, while IEEE provides a platform for practical application, professional growth, and industry engagement. Together, they equip students with the skills, experience, and connections necessary to excel in the evolving field of mechanical engineering and beyond.

Key Takeaways:

- MECH 311 is a fundamental thermodynamics course at Concordia University.
- The IEEE student chapter fosters professional development and technical engagement.

- Combining coursework with IEEE activities enhances learning, leadership, and career prospects.
- Active participation in both academic and extracurricular initiatives is crucial for success.

By leveraging the resources and opportunities associated with MECH 311 and IEEE at Concordia University, students can build a strong foundation for a successful engineering career and contribute meaningfully to technological advancements in the field.

Mech311 IEEE Concordia Concordia University is a course that has garnered significant attention among engineering students at Concordia University, particularly those specializing in mechanical engineering and related disciplines. As part of the university's efforts to integrate industry standards and cutting-edge technology into its curriculum, Mech311 emphasizes practical application, theoretical knowledge, and professional development, often aligning with IEEE standards and practices. This review provides a comprehensive overview of the course structure, content, relevance, and overall value for students pursuing their degrees at Concordia University.

Course Overview and Objectives

Mech311 is designed to introduce students to fundamental concepts in mechanical engineering, with a particular focus on the integration of electrical and electronic systems within mechanical designs. The course aims to bridge the gap between theoretical mechanics and practical electronic control systems, preparing students for multidisciplinary engineering challenges.

Key Objectives:

- To understand the principles of electrical and electronic components relevant to mechanical systems.
- To develop skills in designing and analyzing control systems.
- To familiarize students with IEEE standards and protocols used in mechanical and electrical engineering.
- To encourage hands-on learning through laboratory exercises and projects.
- To promote professional ethics and standards as outlined by IEEE.

Course Content and Curriculum

The curriculum of Mech311 is comprehensive, blending theoretical lectures with practical applications. The course is typically divided into modules covering core topics such as sensors and actuators, control systems, embedded systems, and industry standards.

Major Topics Covered:

- Introduction to Electrical Components and Circuits: Basic concepts in resistors, capacitors, inductors, and circuit analysis.
- Sensors and Actuators: Types, working principles, and applications in mechanical systems.
- Control Theory: Feedback control, PID controllers, stability analysis, and system optimization.
- Embedded Systems: Microcontrollers, programming (often in C/C++), and interfacing.
- IEEE Standards: Overview of relevant IEEE protocols, safety standards, and best practices in electrical and mechanical integration.
- Design and Implementation: Capstone projects involving the design of automated mechanical systems.

Laboratory and Practical Work:

The course emphasizes experiential learning through lab experiments, design projects, and simulations. These activities are designed to reinforce theoretical concepts and develop practical skills.

Sample Laboratory Exercises:

- Building and testing simple electronic circuits.
- Programming microcontrollers for sensor data acquisition.
- Designing control systems for robotic applications.
- Implementing communication protocols based on IEEE standards.

Relevance to Industry and Professional Development

One of the defining features of Mech311 is its strong alignment with industry requirements, especially through the integration of IEEE standards. This focus ensures that students are not only academically prepared but also industry-ready.

Industry Relevance:

- IEEE Standards Integration: Familiarity with IEEE protocols such as IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi), IEEE 802.3 (Ethernet), and others relevant to modern embedded and control systems.
- Interdisciplinary Skills: Combines mechanical design with electrical control, reflecting real-world engineering projects.
- Hands-On Experience: Laboratory work simulates real-world scenarios, preparing students for internships and professional work.

Professional Development:

- Encourages adherence to IEEE ethical standards.
- Develops teamwork and project management skills through group projects.
- Enhances technical communication skills through report writing and presentations.

Course Delivery and Teaching Quality

The course is delivered through a combination of lectures, tutorials, and lab sessions. The teaching staff comprises experienced professors and industry professionals who bring practical insights into the classroom.

Teaching Methods:

- Lectures: Detailed explanations of theoretical concepts, often supplemented with multimedia presentations.
- Labs: Hands-on experiments to reinforce learning.
- Guest Speakers: Industry professionals sharing real-world applications and trends.
- Online Resources: Course materials, recorded lectures, and simulation tools available via Concordia's learning management system.

Pros:

- Clear and structured curriculum.
- Access to modern laboratory facilities.
- Supportive teaching staff with industry experience.
- Real-world case studies and projects.

Cons:

- Heavy workload may be challenging for some students.
- Limited time for in-depth exploration of certain advanced topics.
- Some students might find the integration of electrical and mechanical concepts initially overwhelming.

Student Feedback and Performance

Feedback from students who have completed Mech311 tends to be positive, especially regarding the practical aspects and industry relevance.

Common Student Remarks:

- Appreciation for the hands-on labs that complement theoretical learning.
- Recognition of the importance of IEEE standards in modern engineering.
- Desire for more advanced elective options within the course.

Performance Outcomes:

- Students demonstrate improved understanding of control systems and embedded electronics.
- Many report increased confidence in designing integrated mechanical-electrical systems.
- The course often serves as a foundation for subsequent courses in robotics, automation, and control engineering.

Comparison with Similar Courses

Compared to similar courses at other Canadian universities, Mech311 at Concordia stands out for its emphasis on IEEE standards and industry-oriented projects.

Strengths:

- Strong industry alignment and practical focus.
- Integration of IEEE protocols, which is sometimes missing in comparable courses.
- Use of state-of-the-art laboratory equipment.

Limitations:

- Slightly condensed coverage of advanced embedded systems compared to specialized courses.
- May require supplementary learning for students interested in deep dives into electronics.

Conclusion and Final Thoughts

Mech311 IEEE Concordia Concordia University offers a well-rounded, industry-oriented introduction to the intersection of mechanical engineering with electrical and electronic systems. Its emphasis on IEEE standards and practical, project-based learning makes it particularly valuable for students aspiring to work in robotics, automation, control systems, or embedded systems within the mechanical engineering domain.

Pros:

- Strong focus on industry standards and real-world applications.
- Hands-on laboratory and project work.
- Experienced instructors and industry professionals.
- Access to modern facilities and resources.

Cons:

- The workload can be intensive.
- Some topics might be introduced at a surface level, requiring additional self-study.
- Integration of electrical and mechanical concepts can be challenging for students new to either discipline.

In summary, Mech311 at Concordia University stands as a vital course that equips students with essential skills and knowledge aligned with current industry practices. It serves as a robust stepping stone for further specialization in automation, robotics, and control engineering, making it a highly recommended component of the mechanical engineering curriculum at Concordia.

QuestionAnswer What is MECH311 at Concordia University, and how is it related to IEEE activities? MECH311 at Concordia University is a course focused on thermodynamics and mechanical engineering principles. It often involves IEEE student chapter activities, such as technical workshops and competitions, to enhance students' practical skills. How can students at Concordia's MECH311 course get involved with IEEE Concordia? Students enrolled in MECH311 can join the IEEE Concordia Student Branch to participate in technical events, networking opportunities, and projects that complement their coursework and professional development. Are there IEEE resources or workshops specifically tailored for MECH311 students at Concordia? Yes, IEEE Concordia often organizes workshops, seminars, and resource sessions for MECH311 students to support their learning in mechanical and electrical engineering topics. What benefits do MECH311 students gain from being involved with IEEE Concordia? Involvement with IEEE provides MECH311 students access to industry contacts, technical skill development, leadership opportunities, and exposure to cutting-edge engineering innovations. Does IEEE Concordia host competitions or projects related to MECH311 course topics? Yes, IEEE Concordia organizes various engineering competitions and collaborative projects that align with MECH311 topics, encouraging practical application and teamwork. How can MECH311 students stay updated on IEEE events at Concordia University? Students can follow the IEEE Concordia student branch social media pages, join mailing lists, and attend general meetings to stay informed about upcoming events and opportunities. Is there a mentorship program available through IEEE Concordia for MECH311 students? Yes, IEEE Concordia offers mentorship programs where senior students and

professionals guide MECH311 students, helping them navigate academic and career challenges in mechanical and electrical engineering.

Related keywords: mech311, IEEE, Concordia University, mechanical engineering, course, engineering students, university courses, Concordia MECH, engineering curriculum, technical coursework

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