

# NEGRO AND WHITE UNITE AND FIGHT A SOCIAL HISTORY O Workbook

## negro and white unite and fight a social history o

### Introduction: The Power of Unity in Social Movements

Throughout history, the alliance between Black and white communities has played a pivotal role in challenging systemic oppression, fighting for civil rights, and fostering social change. From the struggles against slavery to modern movements advocating for racial equality, the collaboration between different racial groups has often been a catalyst for progress. Understanding the social history of these alliances offers valuable insights into the dynamics of social justice movements, the importance of solidarity, and the ongoing quest for equality.

### Historical Context of Racial Alliances

#### The Roots of Racial Division and Cooperation

Historically, racial divisions in societies like the United States have been manipulated to serve economic and political interests. However, amidst these divisions, moments of cooperation and collective action have emerged, illustrating the potential for unity.

Key historical moments include:

- Abolitionist Movements in the 19th Century
- Civil Rights Movements of the 20th Century
- Contemporary Social Justice Movements

#### The Impact of Slavery and Its Aftermath

The legacy of slavery created profound racial disparities, but it also laid the groundwork for cross-racial alliances:

- Abolitionists, both Black and white, collaborated to end slavery.
- Prominent figures like Frederick Douglass and William Lloyd Garrison worked together.

## Notable Examples of Black and White Solidarity

### The Abolitionist Movement

#### Key Figures and Collaborations

- Frederick Douglass: A former slave and influential orator who worked with white abolitionists.
- William Lloyd Garrison: White abolitionist editor of "The Liberator" who championed racial equality.

#### Strategies and Achievements

- Publishing anti-slavery literature
- Organizing protests and rallies
- Lobbying for legislative change

### The Civil Rights Movement (1950s-1960s)

#### Cross-Racial Alliances

- Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC): Led by Dr. Martin Luther King Jr., with white allies like Bayard Rustin.
- Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC): Unified Black and white students advocating for desegregation.

#### Key Events

- The Montgomery Bus Boycott
- The March on Washington
- Freedom Rides

### Modern Movements for Racial Justice

#### Examples of Continued Collaboration

- Black Lives Matter protests often include allies from diverse racial backgrounds.

- Coalition-building among social justice organizations.

## Factors Facilitating Black and White Unity

### Shared Goals and Values

- Desire for justice and equality
- Opposition to systemic oppression
- Commitment to nonviolent protest and civil disobedience

### Leadership and Organization

- Charismatic leaders who bridge racial divides
- Organized networks that promote cooperation

### External Pressures and Public Support

- Media coverage raising awareness
- Political and societal pressure to reform

## Challenges to Racial Unity in Social Movements

### Persistent Racial Tensions and Prejudices

- Deep-rooted stereotypes and biases
- Resistance to change within communities

### Political and Economic Interests

- Opposing factions exploiting divisions
- Economic elites opposing redistribution and reform

### Internal Divisions Within Movements

- Differing priorities and strategies

- Power dynamics and leadership conflicts

## The Role of Education and Awareness

### Promoting Racial Understanding

- Curriculum inclusion of social history
- Public events and dialogues on race relations

### Building Solidarity Through Education

- Workshops and training sessions
- Collaborative community projects

## The Future of Black and White Cooperation

### Emerging Trends and Opportunities

- Intersectionality and coalition-building among diverse groups
- Use of digital platforms for mobilization

### Goals for Continued Social Justice

- Addressing systemic inequalities comprehensively
- Fostering inclusive communities rooted in mutual respect

### Strategies for Strengthening Alliances

- Promoting dialogue and empathy
- Supporting grassroots organizations
- Ensuring leadership diversity

## Conclusion: Learning from History to Shape a More Equitable Future

The social history of Black and white alliances demonstrates that unity across racial lines can be a powerful force for change. From the abolitionist era to modern social justice movements, these

collaborations have challenged injustice and advanced civil rights. While obstacles remain, ongoing efforts to build understanding, solidarity, and shared purpose are essential for creating a more equitable society. Recognizing and honoring the legacy of past alliances can inspire future generations to continue fighting for justice, equality, and social harmony.

## FAQs

Q1: Why is Black and white unity important in social movements?

A1: Such unity amplifies collective power, broadens support bases, and fosters understanding necessary for meaningful social change.

Q2: What are some examples of successful cross-racial alliances?

A2: The abolitionist movement, the Civil Rights Movement, and recent social justice protests like Black Lives Matter demonstrate successful collaboration.

Q3: What challenges do these alliances face today?

A3: Persistent prejudices, political polarization, economic interests, and internal disagreements can hinder unity.

Q4: How can education promote racial solidarity?

A4: By teaching inclusive history, encouraging dialogue, and organizing community events to foster empathy and understanding.

Q5: What can individuals do to support interracial solidarity?

A5: Engage in conversations about race, participate in community initiatives, support inclusive organizations, and advocate for equitable policies.

This article provides a comprehensive overview of the social history of Black and white alliances, emphasizing their significance, challenges, and pathways forward. Embracing the lessons of the past can help build a future rooted in justice, equality, and solidarity.

Negro and white unite and fight a social history of collective resistance and solidarity has long been a powerful theme in the annals of social justice, civil rights, and anti-oppression movements. This phrase, often invoking the historic struggles where Black and white communities stood side by side, encapsulates the enduring quest for racial unity against systemic injustice. Exploring this theme requires understanding the complex social, political, and cultural contexts that have shaped these

alliances, as well as recognizing the pivotal moments and figures that exemplified such unity. This article offers a comprehensive analysis of the social history behind negro and white unite and fight, illustrating how cross-racial solidarity has been instrumental in challenging oppression and fostering social change.

## Introduction: The Power of Unity in Social Movements

Throughout history, marginalized groups have often faced systemic barriers designed to divide and conquer. However, moments of interracial alliance have demonstrated that collective resistance can be a potent force for change. The phrase negro and white unite and fight symbolizes a historical call for unity that transcends racial boundaries, emphasizing that shared struggles against injustice can forge powerful coalitions. This social history explores key periods where such alliances emerged, the catalysts that brought diverse communities together, and the lasting impacts these collaborations have had on social progress.

## Historical Context: Racial Divisions and Common Oppression

### The Roots of Racial Segregation and Exploitation

Understanding the significance of interracial unity necessitates recognizing the social dynamics that historically divided Black and white populations. Enslavement, segregation, discriminatory laws, and economic exploitation created profound racial divides, often reinforced by institutions and cultural narratives.

- Slavery and its aftermath: The transatlantic slave trade and plantation economy established systemic racial hierarchies that persisted long after emancipation.
- Jim Crow laws: Segregation laws in the United States institutionalized racial separation, fostering mutual suspicion and hostility.
- Economic disparities: Exploitative labor practices kept Black workers impoverished while white workers benefited from racial privilege.

Despite these divisions, economic and social realities sometimes aligned in ways that fostered solidarity, particularly among working-class communities facing similar hardships.

## Key Moments in Black and White Alliances

### The Civil Rights Movement (1950s-1960s)

One of the most prominent examples of negro and white unite and fight is the Civil Rights Movement. While largely led by Black leaders demanding racial justice, many white allies played

crucial roles.

- Northern white allies: Activists like Bayard Rustin and members of organizations such as the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC) worked alongside Black leaders.
- The Freedom Rides (1961): Integrated groups challenged segregated interstate transportation, risking violence to confront segregation publicly.
- The March on Washington (1963): A mass demonstration where Black and white Americans united for racial equality, culminating in Martin Luther King Jr.'s iconic "I Have a Dream" speech.

### Labor Movements and Cross-Racial Solidarity

The labor movement has historically served as a platform for interracial cooperation, especially during the early 20th century.

- Industrial Workers of the World (IWW): Emphasized solidarity among workers regardless of race, advocating for universal labor rights.
- The Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters (1925): Led by A. Philip Randolph, this Black union collaborated with white allies to improve conditions for Black workers.

### Anti-War and Anti-Imperialist Movements

During the Vietnam War era, alliances between Black and white activists emerged around anti-war protests and anti-imperialist campaigns.

- The Vietnam War protests (1960s-70s): Students and activists of diverse racial backgrounds united against military conscription and American foreign policy.
- The Black Panther Party and white allies: While often criticized for internal tensions, some collaborations aimed at addressing poverty and racial injustice.

### Social and Cultural Dynamics Facilitating Unity

#### Shared Oppression and Collective Identity

A critical driver of interracial alliances has been the recognition of shared interests and mutual oppression. When communities see their struggles as interconnected, they are more likely to unite.

- Class consciousness: Workers across racial lines recognizing economic exploitation.

- Common experiences of discrimination: Recognizing that racial prejudice affected both Black and white populations?albeit differently?can foster empathy and solidarity.

### Intersectionality and Inclusive Movements

More recent social movements have emphasized intersectionality, acknowledging that identities are complex and interconnected.

- Black-white coalition-building: Organizations like the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) and the Congress of Racial Equality (CORE) prioritized inclusive strategies.
- Feminist movements: Recognized the importance of uniting across racial lines to fight gender and racial disparities.

### Challenges and Limitations

Despite moments of unity, interracial alliances have faced significant obstacles.

- Internal tensions: Divergent priorities, cultural misunderstandings, and historical grievances sometimes strained coalitions.
- Institutional resistance: Governments, corporations, and societal norms actively sought to suppress or fracture cross-racial alliances.
- Persistence of racial inequalities: While alliances have achieved notable victories, systemic issues remain entrenched.

### Lasting Impact and Modern Reflections

The legacy of negro and white unite and fight endures in contemporary movements.

- Black Lives Matter: Continues to emphasize the importance of cross-racial solidarity in combating police violence and racial injustice.
- Coalitions for immigrant rights: Demonstrate alliances between Black communities and other marginalized groups.
- Social justice education: Emphasizes the importance of understanding history to foster ongoing solidarity.

### Practical Lessons from Social History

- Recognize common struggles: Understanding shared experiences fosters empathy and cooperation.
- Build inclusive platforms: Ensuring diverse voices are heard strengthens movements.
- Address internal divisions: Open dialogue and cultural sensitivity can mitigate tensions.
- Leverage shared goals: Focusing on tangible outcomes (e.g., voting rights, labor rights) unites activists.
- Maintain long-term commitment: Lasting change requires sustained effort and alliances.

### Conclusion: The Enduring Power of Solidarity

The social history of negro and white unite and fight underscores that, despite profound differences and systemic barriers, alliances across racial lines have been instrumental in advancing justice and equality. From the civil rights protests to labor struggles and anti-war activism, these moments exemplify the transformative power of collective resistance rooted in solidarity. Understanding this history not only honors those who fought and continue to fight but also offers vital lessons for current and future struggles against injustice. Building bridges across racial divides remains essential in forging a more equitable and unified society.

**Question** What is the central theme of 'Negro and White Unite and Fight a Social History'? The central theme explores the history of racial unity and collective resistance between Black and white communities in fighting social injustices and systemic oppression. How does the book depict the relationship between Black and white activists? The book highlights moments of solidarity, collaboration, and shared struggle, emphasizing how interracial alliances have been crucial in advancing social justice movements. What historical events does the book analyze to illustrate Black and white unity? It examines key events such as labor strikes, civil rights protests, and anti-racist movements where both communities joined forces against oppression. Why is understanding this history important in contemporary social justice efforts? Recognizing past interracial collaborations underscores the potential for unity in addressing current social issues and challenges divisive narratives based on race. Does the book address the challenges and setbacks faced during interracial activism? Yes, it discusses periods of tension, resistance from within communities, and external opposition that complicated efforts at unity, offering a nuanced view of the struggle. How has the history of Black and white cooperation influenced modern social movements? It has laid the groundwork for coalition-building and solidarity in contemporary movements like Black Lives Matter and anti-racism initiatives that emphasize unity across racial lines. What lessons does 'Negro and White Unite and Fight a Social History' offer for future activism? The book advocates for continued interracial collaboration, emphasizing that sustained unity and collective action are vital for achieving lasting social change.

**Related keywords:** race relations, racial equality, civil rights, social justice, racial segregation, racial unity, social movements, racial discrimination, racial integration, history of race relations

## drama in the bahamas muhammad ali s last fight

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The Bahamas, renowned for its pristine beaches and vibrant culture, also holds a significant place in boxing history. Among the many notable bouts that took place in this tropical paradise, one stands out for its intense drama, emotional weight, and historical significance ? Muhammad Ali?s last fight. This event, shrouded in controversy and nostalgia, marked the end of an era for one of boxing?s greatest legends. In this article, we explore the detailed story behind the drama in the Bahamas during Muhammad Ali?s final boxing match, examining the context, the fight itself, and its lasting legacy.

## Context: Muhammad Ali?s Legacy Before the Bahamas Fight

### The Rise of Muhammad Ali

Muhammad Ali, born Cassius Clay, rose from humble beginnings in Louisville, Kentucky, to become one of the most celebrated sports figures of the 20th century. Known for his quick footwork, charismatic personality, and unwavering confidence, Ali quickly established himself as a dominant heavyweight champion. His bouts against Sonny Liston, George Foreman, Joe Frazier, and others cemented his reputation as a boxing legend.

### Turning Point and the Later Years

By the late 1970s and early 1980s, Ali?s physical prime was behind him. Despite this, he remained a global icon, advocating for civil rights, peace, and humanitarian causes. His health began to decline, and he faced criticism over his fighting ability. His final fight was not only a sporting event but also a symbolic farewell to a legendary career.

## The Setting: The Bahamas as the Venue for Ali?s Last Fight

### Why the Bahamas?

The Bahamas, with its luxurious resorts and scenic appeal, became an attractive location for boxing promoters seeking a picturesque backdrop for a significant event. The country?s proximity to the United States, combined with its tropical allure, made it an ideal venue for hosting high-profile matches.

In the early 1980s, the Bahamas was emerging as a hub for international boxing events. The decision to hold Muhammad Ali?s last fight there was motivated by multiple factors:

- The desire for an exotic yet accessible location
- The opportunity to boost local tourism
- The appeal of a final chapter for a global icon in a tranquil setting

## The Fight Date and Promoters

Muhammad Ali's last fight took place on December 11, 1981, at the Queen Elizabeth Sports Centre in Nassau, the capital of the Bahamas. The event was promoted by local and international promoters aiming to capitalize on Ali's legendary status.

While the fight was not part of Ali's prime, it attracted international media attention and drew a sizable crowd eager to witness the final chapter of a storied career.

## The Fight: The Drama Unfolds in the Bahamas

### Opponents and Expectations

Muhammad Ali faced Trevor Berbick, a promising young heavyweight from Jamaica, in what was billed as Ali's farewell match. Expectations were mixed:

- Fans hoped to see Ali display his trademark skill.
- Critics questioned whether Ali's skills had diminished significantly.
- Some believed the fight was more symbolic than competitive.

### The Fight Itself

The bout was characterized by a lack of the finesse and agility that had once defined Ali's style. Instead, it was marked by:

- A cautious approach from Ali, who was aware of his declining physical abilities.
- Berbick's aggressive attempts to land punches and assert dominance.
- An overall sense of nostalgia mixed with concern over Ali's health.

Ali's performance was subdued:

- He moved cautiously around the ring.
- He threw few punches, primarily relying on his experience rather than power.
- The fight lasted all 10 rounds, with Berbick clearly outpunching Ali in many exchanges.

## The Controversy and Drama

The drama in the Bahamas reached its peak during and after the fight due to several factors:

- Allegations of Favoritism: Critics argued that the judges favored Ali, possibly due to his legendary status and the symbolic nature of the fight.
- Ali's Health Concerns: Rumors circulated about Ali's health during the fight, with some questioning whether he was fit enough to compete.
- Retirement Controversy: The fight was seen by many as Ali's reluctant farewell, with some fans feeling he should have retired earlier.

The post-fight reactions were intense:

- Ali was visibly exhausted and emotional, acknowledging that this was his final fight.
- The crowd's mixed reactions ranged from admiration to disappointment.
- The fight was broadcast globally, sparking debates about Ali's legacy and the ethics of staging such a symbolic but physically taxing event.

## Legacy and Impact of the Bahamas Fight

### End of an Era

Muhammad Ali's last fight in the Bahamas marked the end of his professional boxing career. It symbolized:

- The twilight of a boxing legend's journey
- The transition of Ali from champion to elder statesman and humanitarian

### Controversial but Iconic

Despite the criticisms, the fight remains iconic:

- It showcased Ali's bravery and willingness to challenge himself even in the twilight of his career.
- It highlighted the global appeal of Ali, transcending sports to become a cultural phenomenon.

## Historical Significance

The Bahamas fight is often studied in the context of sports ethics and athlete health:

- It raises questions about the commercialization of sports and the ethics of staging fights for symbolic reasons.
- It underscores the importance of athlete health and retirement planning.

## **Conclusion: The Drama in the Bahamas and Muhammad Ali's Enduring Legacy**

The drama surrounding Muhammad Ali's last fight in the Bahamas encapsulates the complex legacy of a boxing legend whose influence extended beyond the ring. The event was filled with emotional highs and lows, controversy, and nostalgia, symbolizing the end of an era not just for Ali but for the sport of boxing itself.

Despite the criticisms and the physical toll, Muhammad Ali's final fight remains a testament to his courage, charisma, and cultural impact. The Bahamas, as the setting for this historic event, will forever be remembered as the stage where one of boxing's greatest icons took his final bow.

Key Takeaways:

- Muhammad Ali's last fight took place in Nassau, Bahamas, on December 11, 1981.
- The bout was against Trevor Berbick and marked Ali's farewell to boxing.
- The event was filled with drama, controversy, and nostalgia.
- Ali's performance was subdued, raising questions about his health and readiness.
- The fight's legacy continues to influence discussions about athlete health, sports ethics, and the cultural impact of boxing legends.

The Bahamas' role in Ali's final chapter underscores the global reach of his legacy, cementing his status as a true icon whose story continues to inspire generations.

### **Drama in the Bahamas Muhammad Ali's Last Fight: A Deep Dive into the Final Chapter of a Legend's Career**

Few moments in boxing history are as emotionally charged and historically significant as drama in the Bahamas Muhammad Ali's last fight. This pivotal event marked the end of an era, encapsulating the extraordinary career of one of the sport's greatest icons. From the buildup and intense personal stakes to the fight itself and its aftermath, Ali's final bout remains a compelling story of resilience, spectacle, and legacy. In this article, we will explore the detailed narrative, context, and lasting impact of this legendary event.

## The Context: Setting the Stage for Muhammad Ali's Final Fight

### Who Was Muhammad Ali?

Muhammad Ali, born Cassius Marcellus Clay Jr., was more than just a heavyweight champion—he was a global phenomenon. Known for his unmatched agility, poetic trash talk, and unwavering social activism, Ali redefined what it meant to be a boxer and a public figure. His career spanned decades, marked by iconic bouts, political stands, and a charismatic personality.

### The Significance of the Fight in the Bahamas

Held in the Bahamas in 1981, Ali's last fight was not just a sporting event but a cultural spectacle. The Bahamas, with its picturesque beaches and vibrant community, served as an unlikely yet fitting backdrop for the final chapter of Ali's boxing saga. The fight attracted worldwide attention, with fans eager to witness history and see the legendary figure in his twilight years.

### Pre-Fight Buildup: Tensions, Expectations, and Personal Struggles

#### Why the Bahamas?

The choice of the Bahamas was strategic and symbolic. It was a neutral, idyllic location away from the intense media scrutiny of major boxing hubs like Las Vegas or New York. For Ali, it was also a place of retreat and reflection, symbolizing the transition from the peak of his career to the twilight of his life.

#### The Opponent and Match Expectations

Ali faced off against Trevor Berbick, a formidable contender from the Bahamas himself. Berbick was younger, hungry, and eager to take down the legend. The anticipation was mixed: many wondered if Ali could still perform at a competitive level or if this would be an embarrassing farewell.

#### Personal Struggles and Motivations

By this point, Ali was battling the effects of Parkinson's disease, which had begun to visibly impair his speech and motor skills. The fight was as much about personal closure as it was about the sport. For Ali, stepping into the ring one last time was an act of courage, symbolizing resilience and accepting the twilight of his life.

### The Fight Itself: Key Moments and Drama

#### The Early Rounds: A Glimpse of Ali's Enduring Spirit

Despite his health challenges, Ali entered the ring with characteristic confidence. Early rounds showcased his legendary footwork and movement, even if his punches lacked the power of his prime. The crowd was electrified, aware they were witnessing history.

### The Turning Point: A Fight of Grit and Determination

As the fight progressed, Ali's movements slowed, and Berbick's aggression increased. There were moments of tension—powerful punches exchanged, moments of silence punctuated by the crowd's gasp. Ali's resilience shone through, refusing to give in entirely, fighting through pain and fatigue.

### The Final Rounds: A Last Stand

In the concluding rounds, Ali's health visibly deteriorated. His speech was slurred, and movements less precise. Yet, his heart remained unbroken. The drama peaked as Ali, despite the physical toll, displayed his characteristic heart, refusing to back down entirely. The fight ended with a unanimous decision in favor of Berbick, but for many, the victory was secondary to Ali's display of bravery and spirit.

### Post-Fight Reflections: Legacy, Controversy, and Cultural Impact

#### Public and Media Reaction

The world's reaction was a mix of admiration and sorrow. Many praised Ali for his courage to step into the ring one last time, despite his declining health. Others debated whether the fight was a dignified farewell or a symbolic farewell that highlighted his physical decline.

#### Personal Reflections from Ali

In interviews after the bout, Ali expressed a sense of acceptance. He acknowledged his limitations but emphasized that he fought for the love of the sport and his fans. His emotional speech resonated deeply, cementing his legacy as a fighter with unmatched heart.

### The Cultural and Historical Significance

The drama in the Bahamas Muhammad Ali's last fight remains a poignant reminder of the human behind the legend. It highlighted themes of perseverance, aging, and the unbreakable human spirit. The event has been referenced in sports history as a testament to Ali's influence beyond the ring.

### The Aftermath and Legacy

#### The End of a Boxing Era

Ali's last fight marked the end of an era characterized by legendary rivalries, groundbreaking activism, and unparalleled charisma. It symbolized the transition from the golden age of boxing to a new era of sports and cultural change.

### How Ali's Final Fight Is Remembered Today

Today, Ali's last fight is remembered not for the victory or defeat but for the courage it took to face his limitations publicly. It serves as an inspiring story of dignity and resilience, inspiring athletes and fans alike.

### Lessons Learned and Cultural Reflection

The drama of Ali's last fight teaches valuable lessons about aging, perseverance, and the importance of fighting for one's dignity. It also underscores how sports figures can become symbols of hope, resilience, and cultural change.

### Conclusion: The End of an Icon's Journey

The drama in the Bahamas Muhammad Ali's last fight encapsulates a profound chapter in sports history. It was more than just a boxing match; it was a narrative of courage, vulnerability, and the enduring power of legacy. As fans and historians reflect on this event, it remains a testament to the extraordinary life of Muhammad Ali—an icon whose influence transcended the sport and touched the hearts of millions worldwide. His final fight, filled with tension, emotion, and ultimate human vulnerability, remains a powerful symbol of what it means to fight with heart, even in the face of inevitable decline.

**Question** What was the significance of Muhammad Ali's last fight in the Bahamas? Muhammad Ali's last fight took place in the Bahamas in 1981 against Trevor Berbick, marking the end of his boxing career and highlighting his legacy as one of the greatest boxers of all time. Were there any controversies or drama surrounding Muhammad Ali's final fight in the Bahamas? Yes, there was some controversy regarding Ali's health and the decision to allow him to fight, with critics questioning whether he was fit enough, which added tension and drama to the event. How did the local Bahamian community react to Muhammad Ali's last fight? The Bahamian community was excited and proud to host Ali's final fight, with many locals viewing it as a historic event that brought global attention to the Bahamas. What was the aftermath or impact of Muhammad Ali's last fight in the Bahamas? Ali's last fight signified the end of an era in boxing, and it brought increased tourism and international recognition to the Bahamas, while also sparking discussions about Ali's health and legacy. Did Muhammad Ali face any challenges or drama during his time in the Bahamas leading up to his last fight? There were reports of logistical challenges and concerns about Ali's health prior to the fight, which contributed to the atmosphere of tension and drama surrounding the event. How is Muhammad Ali's last fight in the Bahamas remembered today? It is remembered as a historic

moment in boxing history, marked by the drama of Ali's final bout and his lasting impact on sports and the Bahamas' international profile.

**Related keywords:** Bahamas boxing history, Muhammad Ali retirement, Ali's final match, Bahamas sports events, Muhammad Ali fights, boxing in the Bahamas, Muhammad Ali legacy, Bahamas boxing venues, Ali's last fight details, Muhammad Ali career highlights

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